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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/807,338	03/24/2004	Han Sol Cho	3811-0140P	3498
2292	7590 09/28/2005		EXAMINER	
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			KIM, ELLEN E	
	, JRCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2874	

DATE MAILED: 09/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			מיון איני
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	,,
	10/807,338	CHO ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ellen Kim	2874	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addres	is
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this commu D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u></u> .		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the me	rits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 49	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Set tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	je
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO 412)	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-092) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/2004. 	Paper No(s)/Mail Di)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 3, 5, and 6 are objected to because of the following informalities.

In claim 3, the parenthesis is not properly closed in the claim.

In claims 5 and 6, Applicant claims solvent or liquid phase, Examiner notes that Applicant already defines the annealing medium is a gas in claim 1. Therefore, it is clear how the gas can be a liquid or a solvent.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 4, 5, 6, and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Cooke et al [USPAT 4,541,979].

Cooke et al disclose a process and apparatus for manufacturing optical cable elements and show a method for treating a polymeric optical element [optical fiber cable] which comprises:

Mounting a polymeric optical element into a chamber 20 or 10;

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Introducing a compressed gas as an annealing medium into the chamber and annealing the polymeric optical element [column 2, lines 42-end]; and

Removing the annealing medium from the chamber [inherently done].

In re claim 6, Cooke et al teach at column 2, lines 42-end that the temperature can be raised to 350-400 $^{\circ}$ C, therefore, it is clear that the vapor phase approaches the supercritical phase.

Claims 1-3, and 5-12 are further rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Soane et al [USPAT 5,026,147].

Soane et al disclose a method for treating a polymeric optical element, which comprises:

Mounting a polymeric optical element into a chamber 20;

Introducing a compressed gas [from gas tank 12 in front drawing] as an annealing medium into the chamber 20 and annealing the polymeric optical element [column 7, lines 28-45]; and

Removing the annealing medium from the chamber [inherently done, see column 7, lines 54-57].

In re claims 2 and 3, Soane et al teach at column 3, lines 35-52 that the polycarbonate can be utilized.

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In re claim 6, Soane et al teach at column 10, claim 2 that the temperature can be raised to 100 °C, therefore, it is clear that the vapor phase approaches the supercritical phase.

In re claim 7, Soane et al teach at column 10, claim 4 that CO₂ gas is utilized.

In re claim 12, Soane et al show at column 10, claim 5 that the pressure is about 400 psi which is about 27 atm.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 2, 3, 7, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cooke et al.

Cooke et al disclose every aspect of claimed invention except for the claimed material.

It would have been obvious to the ordinary skilled person in the art at the time the invention was made to modify to include the claimed material, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of is suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Claims 4 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Soane et al.

Soane et al disclose every aspect of claimed invention except for the polymeric optical elements is plastic optical fiber.

Soane et al, however, clearly teach that the device is used for non-linear optical polymeric article. Therefore, It would have been obvious to the ordinary skilled person in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Soane et al device to make a non-linear optical fiber if need be.

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Conclusion

In formation regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

For all official patent application related correspondence for organizations reporting to the Commissioner of Patents:

Correspondence that is transmitted by facsimile must be directed to the central facsimile number, (703) 872-9306.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Further references of interest are cited on Form PLO-892, which is attachment to this office action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ellen Kim whose telephone number is (571) 272-2349. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday.

Ellen E. Kim

Primary Examiner

September 27, 2005/EK

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